

# G1: Grammatical Terms and Word Classes

Cut out each card following the thick, black line. Then, fold the card along the dotted line to create a double-sided flashcard. You may wish to glue the two halves together or laminate the cards for longevity.

G1.1

## Nouns

A noun is a naming word for things, animals, people, places and feelings.

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G1.2

## Verbs

A verb is a 'doing', 'being' or action word.

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G1.3

## Adjectives

An adjective is a word that describes a noun.

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G1.4

# Conjunctions

G1.4

A conjunction is a word that joins two clauses together.

Conjunctions can be co-ordinating or subordinating.

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G1.5

# Pronouns

G1.5

Pronouns are used to replace nouns to avoid repetition.

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G1.5a

# Possessive Pronouns

G1.5a

A possessive pronoun is a word which shows that something belongs to someone. It is used to replace the subject of the sentence to avoid repetition.

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G1.5b

G1.5b

# Relative Pronouns

A relative pronoun is a word which is used to refer back to nouns that have already been mentioned in the sentence.

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G1.6

G1.6

# Adverbs

An adverb is a word that describes how a verb is being carried out.

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G1.6a

G1.6a

# Adverbials

An adverbial is a phrase or clause that has the same impact as an adverb.

They can describe where, when, how, why or for how long something happens.

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G1.7

# Prepositions

G1.7

A preposition is a linking word in a sentence that shows direction or where something is in time or space.

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G1.8

# Determiners

G1.8

A determiner is a word that introduces a noun and identifies it in detail.

They can be definite, indefinite, interrogative, demonstrative, show quantity or show possession.

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G1.9

# Subject and Object

G1.9

The subject in a sentence is the noun that carries out the main action.

An object is involved in the action but doesn't carry it out.

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